How to optimize road maintenance techniques?

GEPUR *: a successful partnership between departments, cities and the French State

- Gestion et entretien des patrimoines urbains et routiers
- Management and maintenance of road and urban assets

PAVEMENT PRESERVATION & RECYCLING SUMMIT

PPRS PARIS 2 0 1 5

Hugues Odéon Cerema / DTer Est Laboratoire de Strasbourg



Plan

- > Problematic
- > Schedule
- > Productions
- Conclusion

PART 1
Problematic

Problematic

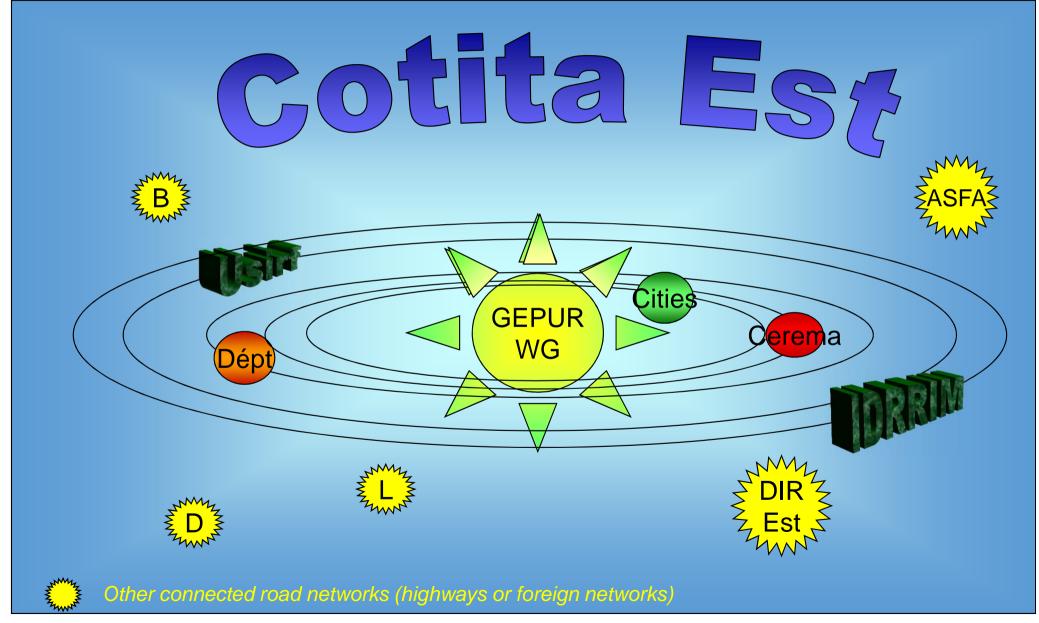
> The French road network:

- supports 88% of all movements of people and 84% of movements of goods/products;
- contributes to economical attractiveness as well as to tourism in France, and to the spreading of French road firms' know-how;
- is part of the state's heritage.

> Projects owners :

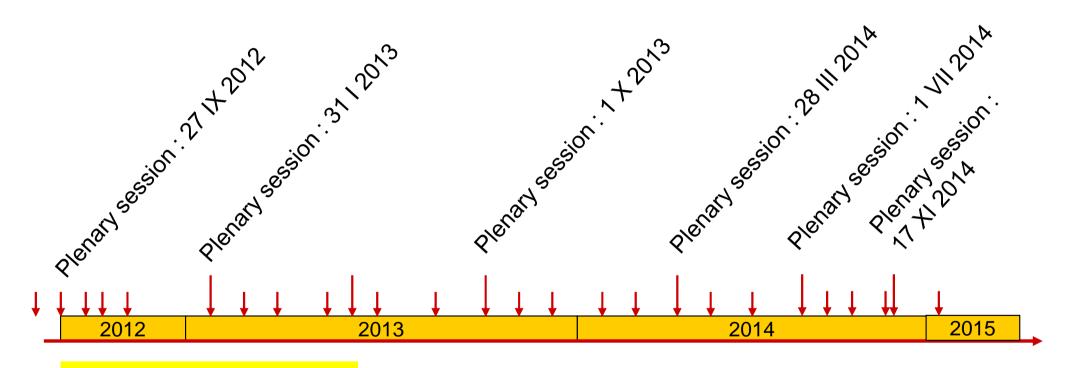
- must face increasing social expenses, while dealing with stagnating, or even decreasing, budgets;
- lower construction- and maintenance-related shares.

Appropriate tools are not always available to administrators, in order for them to back up their choices in front of their decision-makers.



PART 2
Schedule

Schedule



Current situation (surveys)

Evaluation of roadways

Writing of technical guidebook/guidelines

Trainee

PART 3
Productions

Productions

- > GEPUR group's productions are the following:
 - an inventory of common road maintenance practices in Eastern France, based on 3 surveys (Sept. 2012 to June 2013);
 - an evaluation by managers of their own road network;
 - technical guidebooks defining the approach used to optimize one's road maintenance;
 - a white book addressed to politicians.

Articles (A) of talks (T):

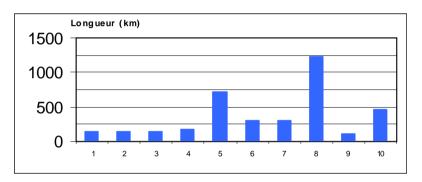
- (A) Bitume Info n° spécial 3, p.17
- (A) GEPUR: état des lieux initial (2014), RGRA n°920, avril-mai, pp. 71-73
- (A) GEPUR : démarche originale et méthode collective (2014), RGRA n°922, août-sept, p. 37-40
- (T) Assemblée générale de l'ATSTD, Nanterre, 20 XI 2013
- (T) Congrès IDRRIM, Lyon, 8 X 2014
- (T) CoTITA Est, réunion plénière, Nancy, 2 XII 2014
- (T) CF-AIPCR, Paris, 3 XII 2014

Production 1: inventory

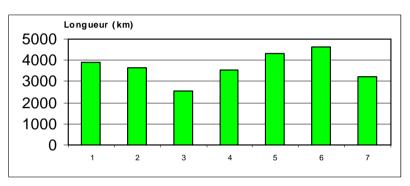
- > Three surveys have been conducted:
 - The first one was addressed solely to members of the group and aimed at establishing an inventory of tools and methods used by each manager to manage their networks.
 - The second one, also addressed to members, aimed at assessing the perception of works performed by a company, from a manager's viewpoint.
 - The third one, addressed to companies located in the area covered by the study, aimed at assessing the perception of public demand, from a company's standpoint.



Production 1: inventory Survey n°1: inventory of methods



Average length: 375 km



Average length: 3686 km

Cities		Departments
10	Number of answers	7
40%	Strategic maintenance	71%
60%	Data bank	100%
60%	Diagnosis tool	43%
30%	Programmation process	57%

Production 1: inventory Survey n°1: inventory of methods

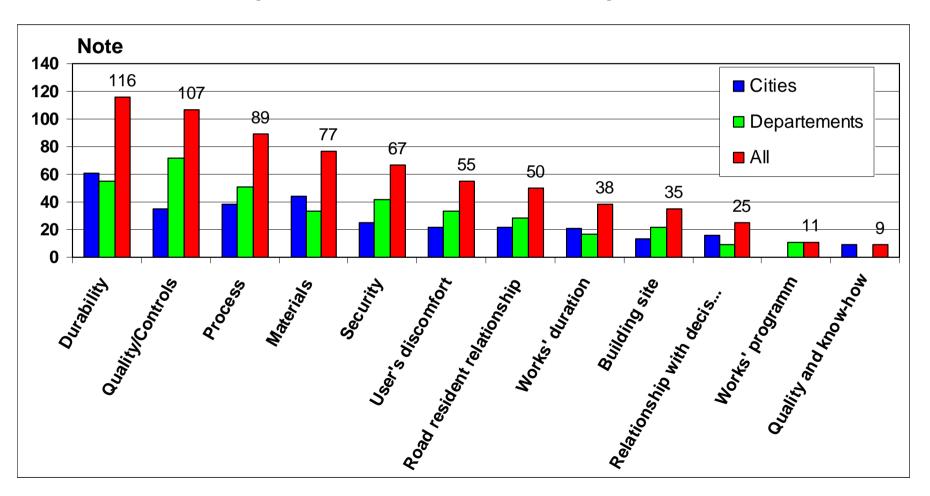
Observation: no accomplished use of existing methods

- > Two methods/softwares are available :
 - One « heavy » method, developped in the LCPC/SETRA guidebook « Aide à la gestion de l'entretien des réseaux routiers » published in October 2000, used by the GiRR software;
 - technical document, non strategic (chapter « Aide à la définition de la politique technique à paraître)
 - dependent of the GiRR software;
 - aimed at structuring networks (IQRN base);
 - A simplified method, developped in the Figuline software.



Production 1: inventory

Survey n°2: managers' opinion – expectations towards companies



Productions: inventory Survey n°3: companies' opinion

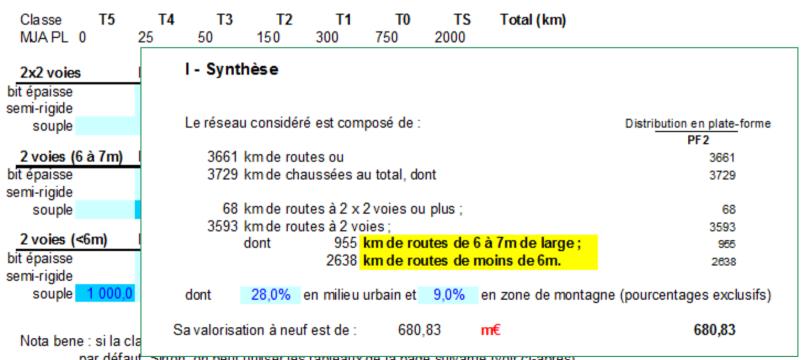
« The strategy of collectivities seems barely legible in mid- and long-term, as well in investment as in maintenance, which hampers the organisation of companies . »

Production 2: Evaluation of networks

II.1 - Réseau sur PF2 (option de base)

Départements

Le réseau se décompose comme suit (linéaire de chaussées, en km) : (par défaut, la plate-forme est supposée de classe PF2 ; sinon voir plus bas)



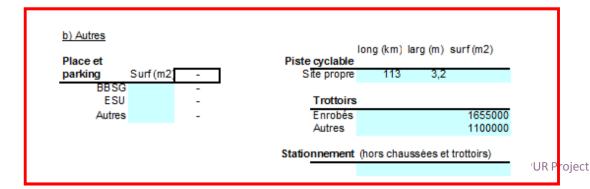
Production 2: Evaluation of networks

II.1 - Réseau sur PF2 (option de base)

Le réseau se décompose comme suit (linéaire de chaussées en km, ou surface en m2): (par défaut, la plate-forme est supposée de classe PF2; sinon voir plus bas)

a) Voies de circulation

Classe MJA PL	Des Faible 12	serte Fort 25	Distril Faible 50	bution Fort 100	Voies prii Faible 300	ncipales Fort 750	Faible 100	Bus Fort 250	
2x2 voies		largeur ty	pe (m)	7					ı
bit épaisse					7,9	21,5			
semi-rigide					0,6				
2 voies (> 6 m	1)	largeur ty	pe (m)	7					ı
bit épaisse									T
semi-rigide		20,1	40,1	17,0	91,6	84,6			
souple	40,1	20,1	40,1	17,0					
1 ou 2 voies (< 6m)	largeur ty	pe (m)	5					
bit épaisse									Т
semi-rigide		34,5	69,0	6,6	31,4	15,9			
souple	69,0	34,5	69,0	6,6					
Chemin rural		largeur ty	pe (m)	4					_
souple									



Cities

More difficult because of:

- > Streets;
- > Places;
- Cycle tracks;
- Sidewalks;

I - Synthèse	Distribution en plate-fo
Le réseau considéré est composé de :	PF2
737 km de routes ou 767 km de chaussées au total, dont	737 767
30 km de routes à 2 x 2 voies ou plus ; 707 km de chaussées à 1 ou 2 voies, et chemin rural ; dont 371 km de chaussées > 6m de large ; 337 km de chaussées < 6m de large. km de chemin rural dont 0,0% en zone de montagne (ie > 400 m d'altitude).	30 707 371 337
De plus, la collectivité compte :	
361 600 m2 de pistes cyclables ; 2 755 000 m2 de trottoirs ; m2 de parkings type place ; m2 de stationnement (hors chaussées et trottoirs).	361 600 2 755 000
Sa valorisation (au sens de la reconstruction à neuf) est estimée à :	Montants (k€) PF2
30 km de routes à 2 x 2 voies ou plus ; 707,2 km de chaussées à 1 ou 2 voies, et chemin rural ;	21 884
dont 370,7 km de chaussées > 6m de large ; 336,5 km de chaussées < 6m de large. km de chemin rural	92 234 46 633
Sous-total Chaussées 160 750,468 k€ et	160 750
361600 m2 de pistes cyclables ; 2755000 m2 de trottoirs ; m2 de parkings type place ; m2 de stationnement (hors chaussées et trottoirs).	5 966 35 815
Sous-total autres que chaussées 41 781,400 k€	41 781
soit un total de : 202 531,868 k €	202 532
ou 202,532 M€	

Production 3: Guidebooks

- > GEPUR undertook the project of writing technical guidebooks depicting the methodology to be followed in order to plan maintenance works on one's roadway network.
- > This rationalization should allow the manager to :
 - implement a shared methodology that has been proved;
 - have a talk with the decision-maker, based on consolidated data.
- > This work is organized between two groups : departments and cities, since each have their own specificities.
- > These guidebooks should be published in 2015.

Production 3: Guidebooks

> Summary of the guidebook :

Departments

- 1 Preamble
- 2 Principles
- 3 Inventory
- 4 Method for hierarchical network organization
- 5 Definition of service levels
- 6 Evaluation of heritage state
- 7 Methodology and maintenance procedures
- 8 Strategy
- 9 Funds management

Appendix: specification sheets (in validation phase by peers)

Indicateurs élémentaires

Joint longitudinal

dégradées

Ressuage, plumage, pelade

Déformations de rives

Production 3: Guidebooks

Domaine

Fonctions	Critères			
Circulation - Trafic très important	Trafic journalier supérieur à véh/j.et /ou évolution de plus de% depuis deux ans.			
Desserte de pôles économiques.	Présence de zones identifiées (Zones d'activités, pôles d'activités)			
Desserte de chefs lieux d'arrondissements	Liaison inter villes concernées	Doma		
Rapprochement d'agglomérations enclavées et/ou desserte des agglomérations importantes	Nombre d'habitants supérie	ussée		
Substitution au réseau autoroutier à péage	Itinéraire gratuit parallèle (sur	face)		
Trafic important ET desserte des agglomérations importantes ou enclavées	Nombre de véhicules jour supérieur àvéh/j ET r d'habitants supérieur à			
Desserte des chefs lieux de cantons	Liaison inter-villes concernées			
Accessibilité aux sites touristiques ou stratégiques	Liaison reliant ces sites au R du RRD			
Itinéraire de convois exceptionnels	Suivant carte existante			

Route classée à Grande Circulation

First, **fonctions** must be defined for roads depending on trafic, economic areas, tourist criterions...

Etat 1

< 10%

< 10%

pas

0

Etat 2

10<x<50%

10<x<50%

<3cm ou

1 à 5

Etat 3

>50%

>50%

>3 cm ou

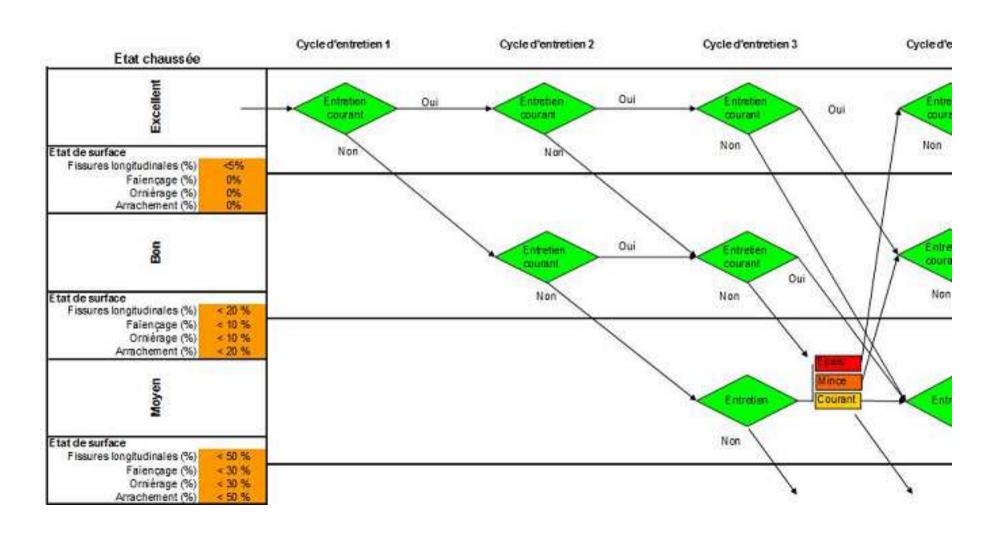
> 5

dégradée <10% de la <3 cm et surface >10% Orniérage CdSurface (amplitude) 10 à 20 < 10mm >20mm Orniérage CdSurface (étendue) < 5% de 5 à 20% > 20% Faïençage (maillage) dans les bandes et/ou de roulement (surface < 10% >10% ultime: nid de poule structure) 10 à 20 Déformations (chaussée souple) -< 10mm >20mm <amplitude mm (structure) Déformations (chaussée souple) -< 5% de 5 à 20% > 20% Etendue Fissures longitudinales bandes de < 10% 10<x<50% >50% roulement Fissures transversales de retrait pas dédoublée dédoublée dégradée et dégradé Nombre de fissures transversales

... in order to be translated in **technical values** to be measured.

Suivant carte existante

Production 3: Guidebooks



Production 4: White Paper

- > In parallel with GEPUR's work, the IDRRIM wrote a White Paper intended for decision-makers.
 - Its goal is to provide key elements so that they can fully grasp the urge in performing maintenance on their network.
 - 1. Roadways must be perceived as items both technical and complex which deteriorate slowly and need periodical support and care.
 - 2. Roads also are a source of wealth which contributes to one's economical activity as well as to its attractiveness; preserving them is a way to create employment at a local scale.
 - 3. In order for the collectivities to manage their network properly, there is a dire need to create a rational methodology which will allow them to take the best course of action, based on economical and technical criterias and in accordance to their own funds.

Production 4: White Paper



CONCLUSION

- GEPUR is a work group which stems from an original partner-ship initiated by both the IDRRIM and the USIRF and gathers within the Cotita Est:
 - y general councils'representatives located in Eastern France;
 - cities' representatives located in Eastern France,
 with the support of the Cerema.
- > The aim is to provide managers with a maintenance methodology for their road networks, be it urban of interurban so that they can optimize their strategy and talk with their decision-makers in a constructive way.
- > This work has been complemented by a White Paper, intended for decision-makers.
- The guidebook covering the departmental networks should be released around mid-2015; the one covering urban networks will follow later.



